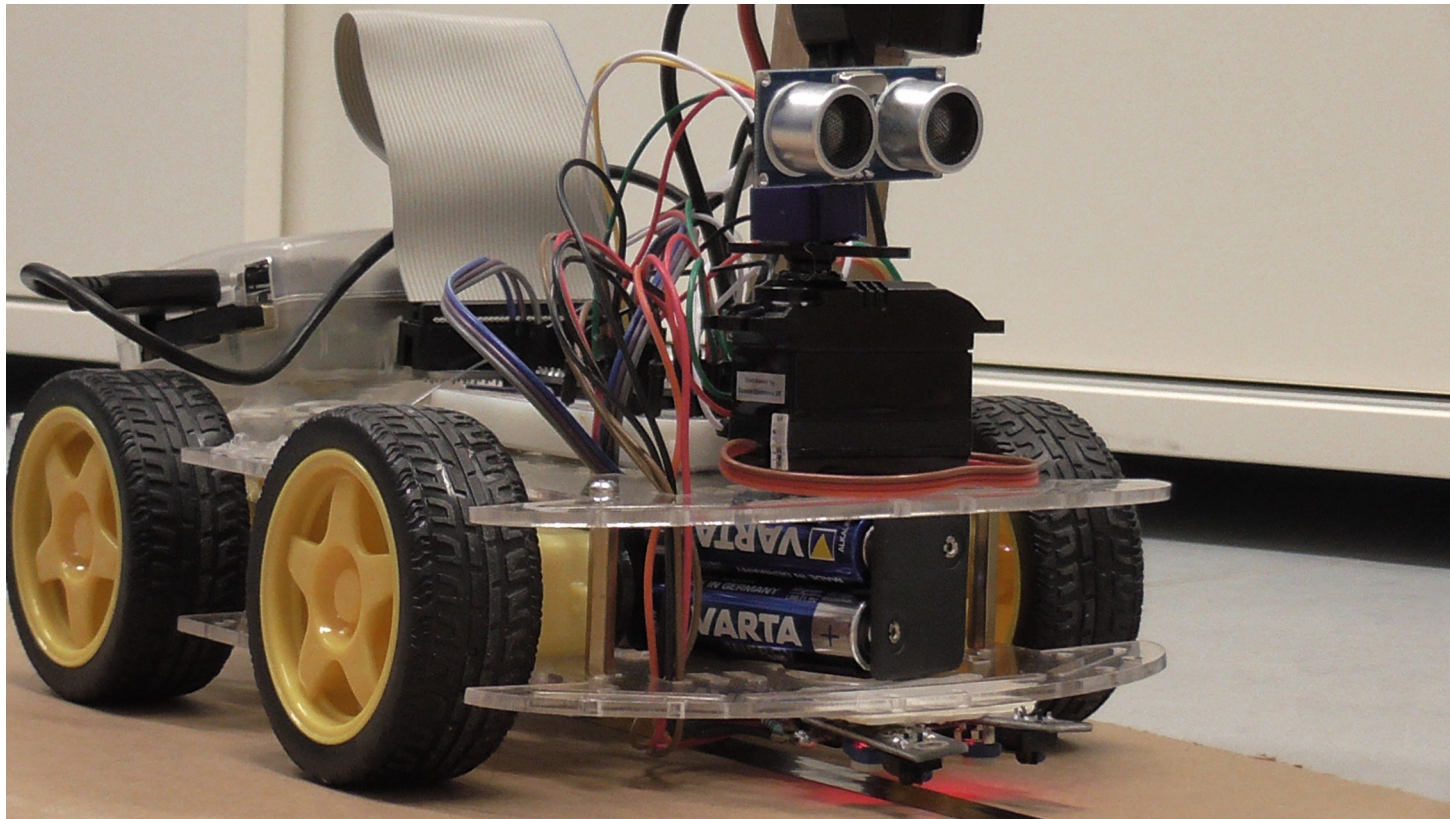
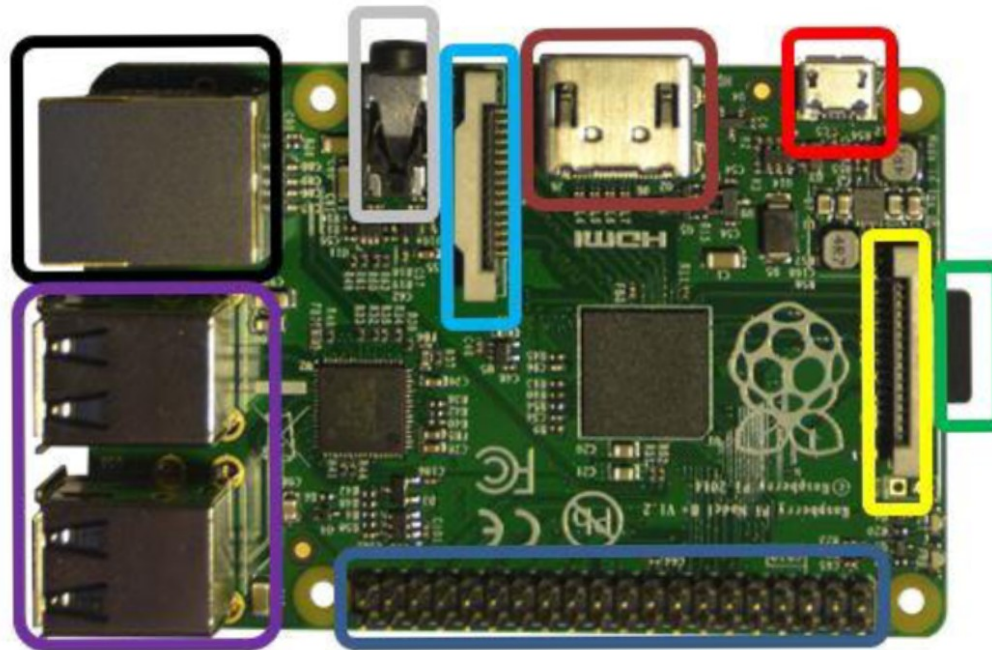


# Roboter-Workshop -AG INF 2016

Roboter mit dem Raspberry PI 2

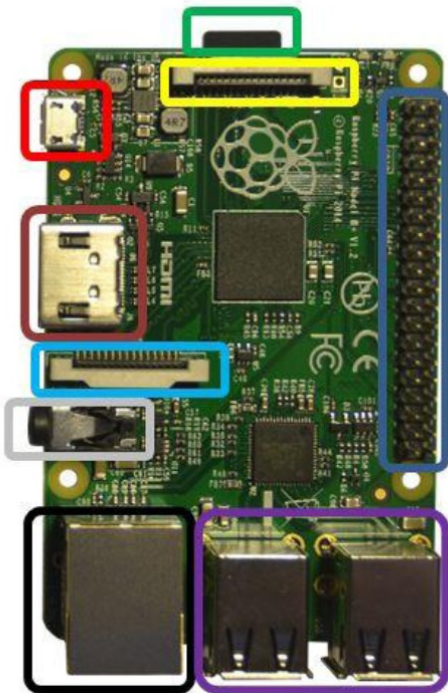


# Raspberry Pi 2



- |   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
|  SD-Karte          |  HDMI             |  Audio/Video |
|  Micro-USB (Power) |  Camera           |   |
|  Display           |  RJ-45 (Netzwerk) |   |
|  GPIO              |  USB              |   |

# GPIO



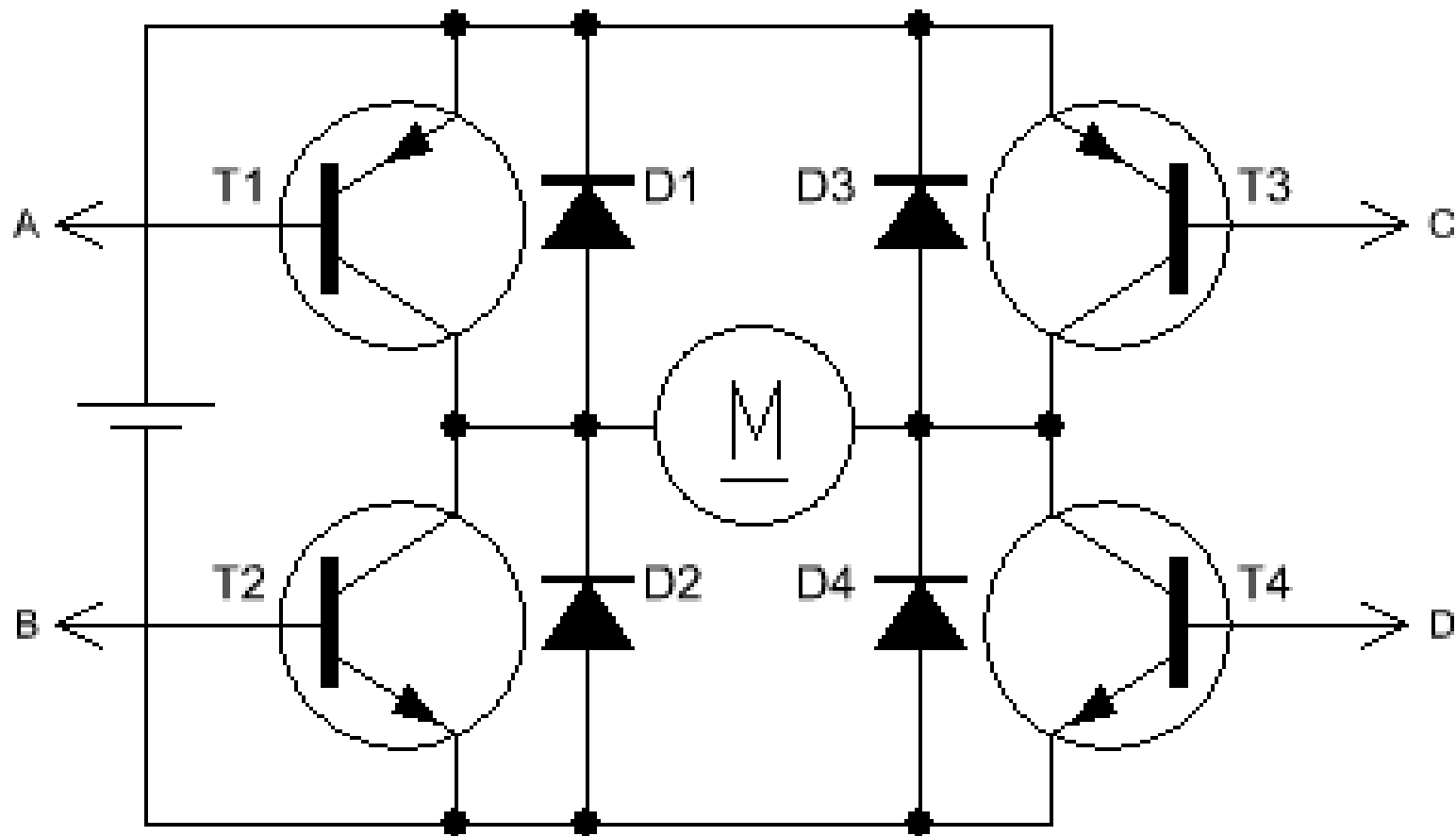
## Raspberry Pi2 GPIO Header

Pin#	NAME		NAME	Pin#
01	3.3v DC Power	⬜	DC Power 5v	02
03	GPIO02 (SDA1 , I <sup>2</sup> C)	⬜	DC Power 5v	04
05	GPIO03 (SCL1 , I <sup>2</sup> C)	⬜	Ground	06
07	GPIO04 (GPIO_GCLK)	⬜	(TXD0) GPIO14	08
09	Ground	⬜	(RXD0) GPIO15	10
11	GPIO17 (GPIO_GEN0)	⬜	(GPIO_GEN1) GPIO18	12
13	GPIO27 (GPIO_GEN2)	⬜	Ground	14
15	GPIO22 (GPIO_GEN3)	⬜	(GPIO_GEN4) GPIO23	16
17	3.3v DC Power	⬜	(GPIO_GEN5) GPIO24	18
19	GPIO10 (SPI_MOSI)	⬜	Ground	20
21	GPIO09 (SPI_MISO)	⬜	(GPIO_GEN6) GPIO25	22
23	GPIO11 (SPI_CLK)	⬜	(SPI_CE0_N) GPIO08	24
25	Ground	⬜	(SPI_CE1_N) GPIO07	26
27	ID_SD (I <sup>2</sup> C ID EEPROM)	⬜	(I <sup>2</sup> C ID EEPROM) ID_SC	28
29	GPIO05	⬜	Ground	30
31	GPIO06	⬜	GPIO12	32
33	GPIO13	⬜	Ground	34
35	GPIO19	⬜	GPIO16	36
37	GPIO26	⬜	GPIO20	38
39	Ground	⬜	GPIO21	40

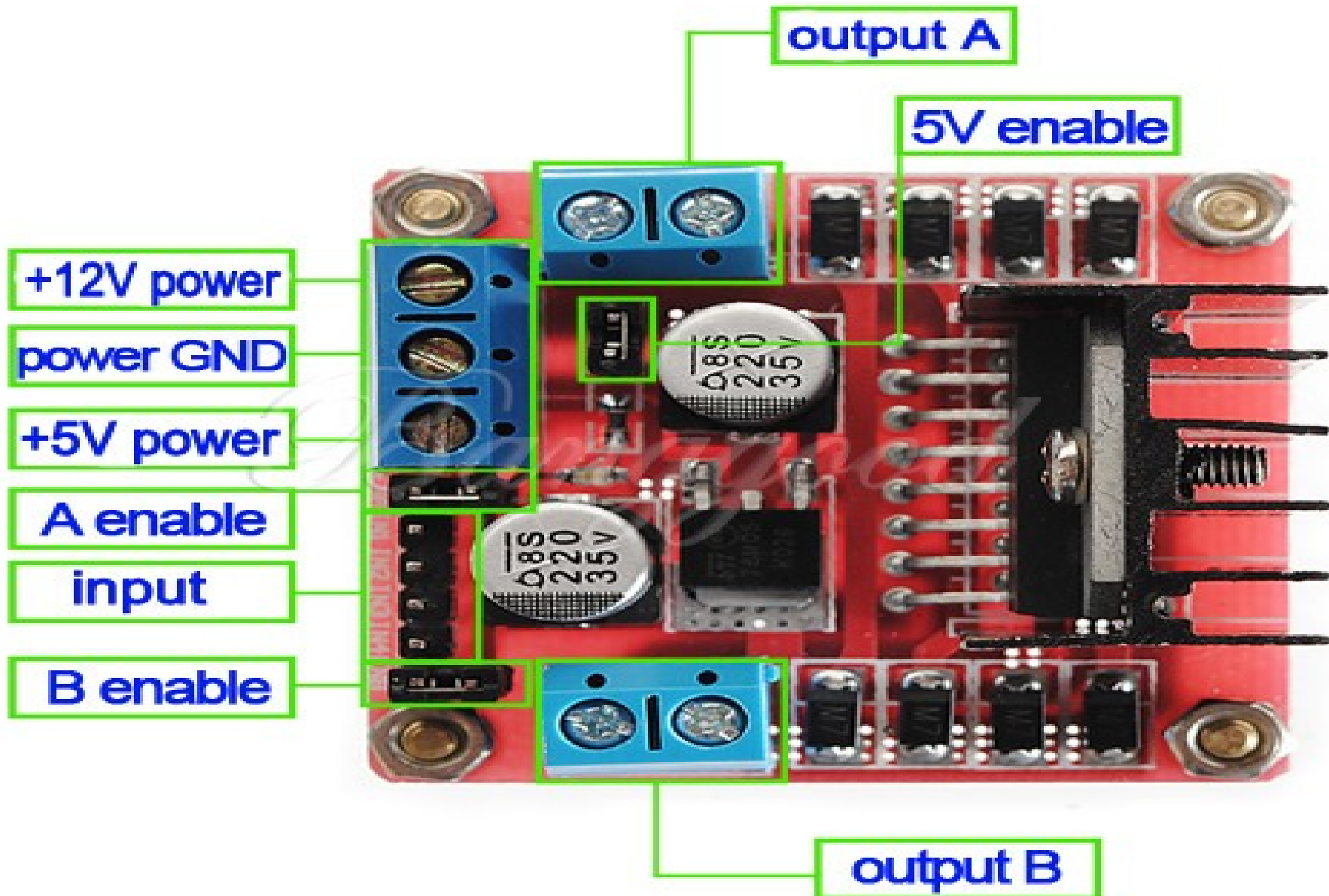
Rev. 1  
26/01/2014

<http://www.element14.com>

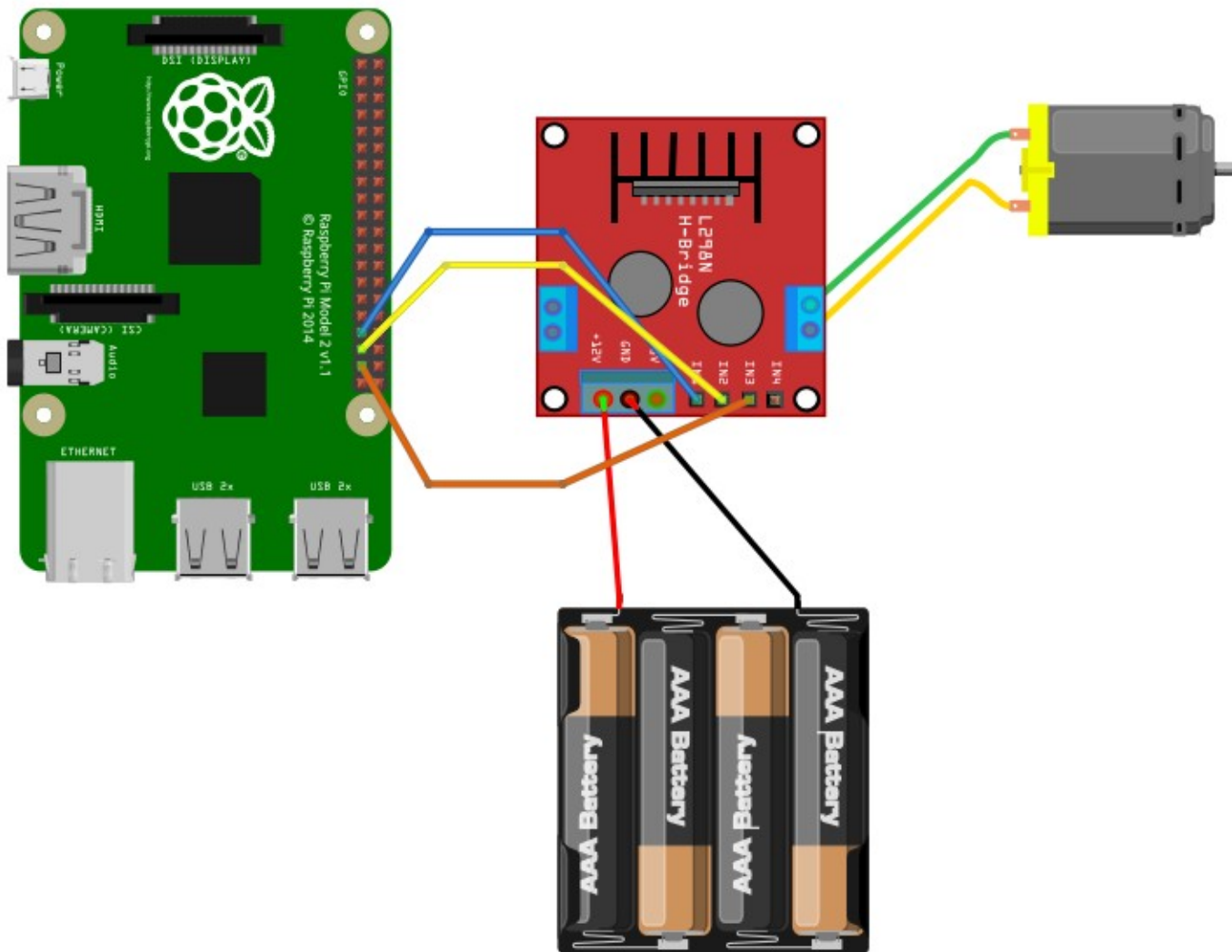
# H-BRÜCKE



# H-BRÜCKE



# Fritzing-Software



# L298N -Dual- H-Brücke

EnableA	MotorA1	MotorA2	Wirkung
0	0	0	Motor läuft aus
1	1	1	Motor stoppt
1	1	0	Motor dreht nach linkis
1	0	1	Motor dreht nach rechts
1	0	0	Motor stoppt

# Code: PIN-Nummern

```
#!/usr/bin/python

import RPi.GPIO as GPIO

MotorEnableA    = 37
Motor1A         = 35
Motor2A         = 33

MotorEnableB    = 40
Motor2B         = 38
Motor1B         = 36
GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BOARD)
GPIO.setwarnings(False)
```

## Raspberry Pi2 GPIO Header

<i>Pin#</i>	<i>NAME</i>		<i>NAME</i>	<i>Pin#</i>
01	3.3v DC Power		DC Power 5v	02
03	GPIO02 (SDA1 , I2C)		DC Power 5v	04
05	GPIO03 (SCL1 , I2C)		Ground	06
07	GPIO04 (GPIO_GCLK)		(TXD0) GPIO14	08
09	Ground		(RXD0) GPIO15	10
11	GPIO17 (GPIO_GEN0)		(GPIO_GEN1) GPIO18	12
13	GPIO27 (GPIO_GEN2)		Ground	14
15	GPIO22 (GPIO_GEN3)		(GPIO_GEN4) GPIO23	16
17	3.3v DC Power		(GPIO_GEN5) GPIO24	18
19	GPIO10 (SPI_MOSI)		Ground	20
21	GPIO09 (SPI_MISO)		(GPIO_GEN6) GPIO25	22
23	GPIO11 (SPI_CLK)		(SPI_CE0_N) GPIO08	24
25	Ground		(SPI_CE1_N) GPIO07	26
27	ID_SD (I2C ID EEPROM)		(I2C ID EEPROM) ID_SC	28
29	GPIO05		Ground	30
31	GPIO06		GPIO12	32
33	GPIO13		Ground	34
35	GPIO19		GPIO16	36
37	GPIO26		GPIO20	38
39	Ground		GPIO21	40

Rev. 1  
26/01/2014

<http://www.element14.com>



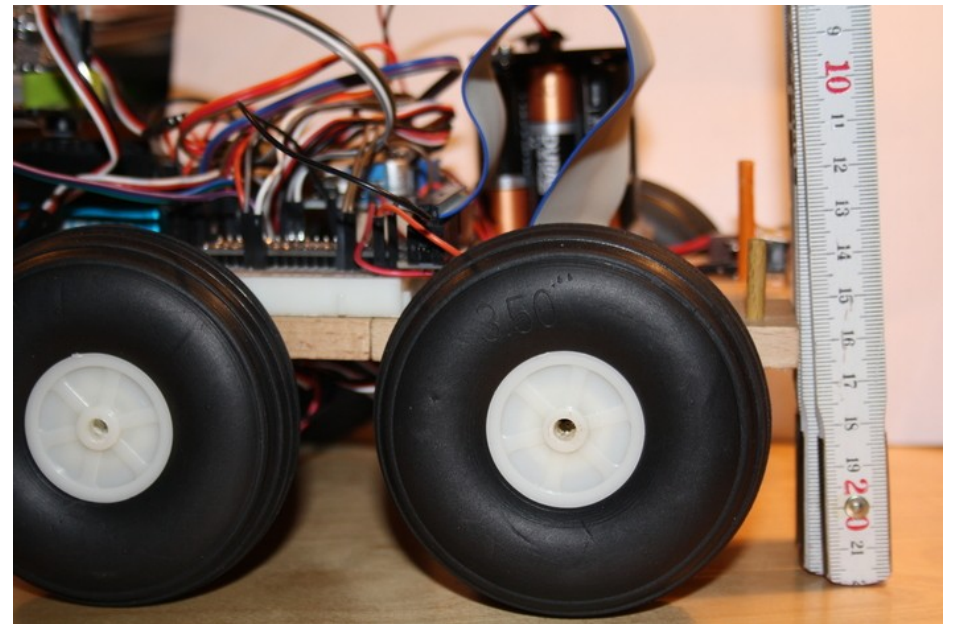
# Code: PIN-Setup

```
GPIO.setup(MotorEnableA,GPIO.OUT)  
GPIO.setup(Motor1A,GPIO.OUT)  
GPIO.setup(Motor2A,GPIO.OUT)
```

```
GPIO.setup(MotorEnableB,GPIO.OUT)  
GPIO.setup(Motor1B,GPIO.OUT)  
GPIO.setup(Motor2B,GPIO.OUT)
```

```
pulsA=GPIO.PWM(MotorEnableA,100)  
pulsB=GPIO.PWM(MotorEnableB,100)
```

```
GeschwindigkeitA=100  
GeschwindigkeitB=100  
geschwindigkeitA_langsam=100  
geschwindigkeitB_langsam=100
```



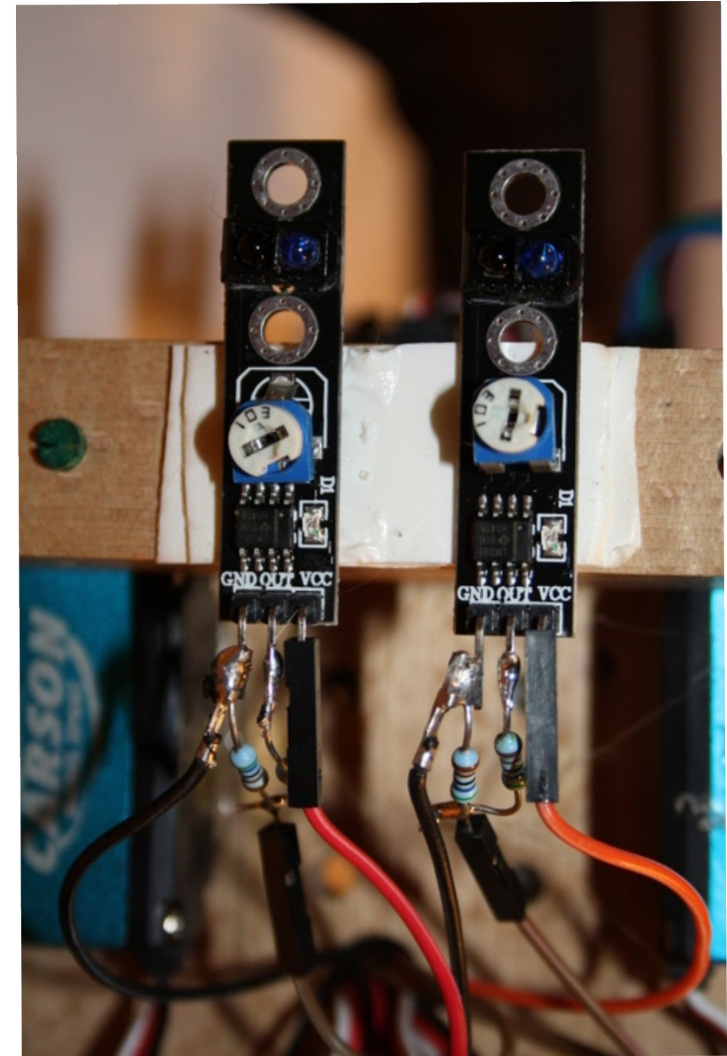
# Code: DC-Ansteuerung

```
def all_off() :
    GPIO.output(Motor1A,GPIO.LOW)
    GPIO.output(Motor2A,GPIO.LOW)
    GPIO.output(Motor1B,GPIO.LOW)
    GPIO.output(Motor2B,GPIO.LOW)
    GPIO.output(MotorEnableA,GPIO.LOW)
    GPIO.output(MotorEnableB,GPIO.LOW)

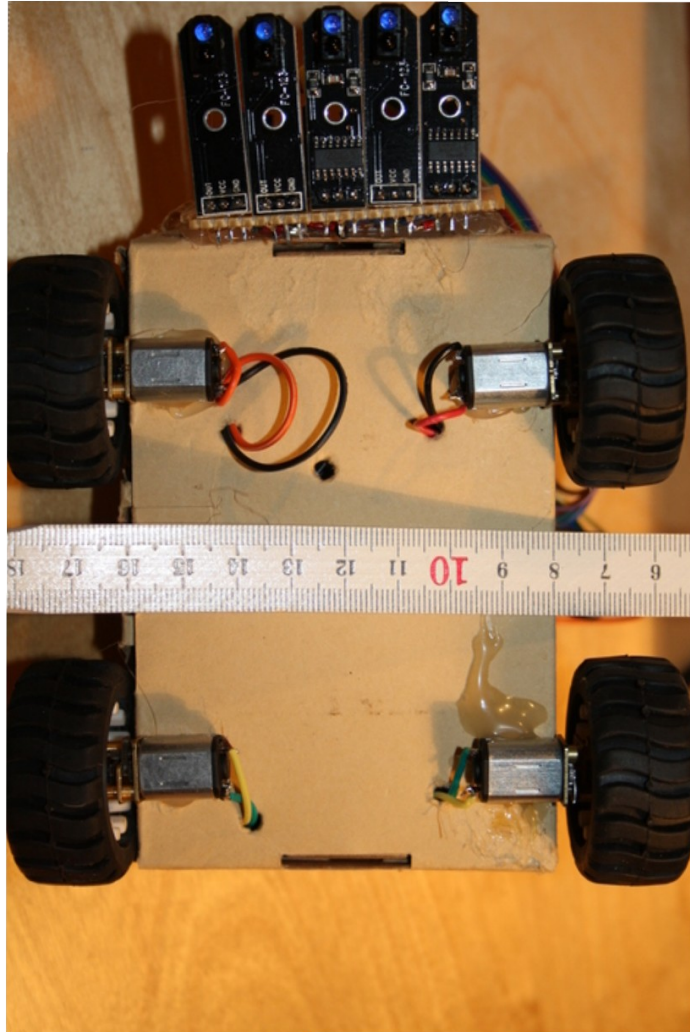
def motorA(move):
    if move == 0 :
        GPIO.output(Motor1A,GPIO.LOW)
        GPIO.output(Motor2A,GPIO.LOW)

    #MotorA vorwaerts
    if move == 1 :
        GPIO.output(Motor1A,GPIO.LOW)
        GPIO.output(Motor2A,GPIO.HIGH)

    #MotorA rueckwärts
    if move == 2 :
        GPIO.output(Motor1A,GPIO.HIGH)
        GPIO.output(Motor2A,GPIO.LOW)
```



# Code: DC-Funktionen



```
def forward():  
    pulsA.start(geschwindigkeitA)  
    pulsB.start(geschwindigkeitB)  
    motorA(1)  
    motorB(1)
```

```
def back():  
    pulsA.start(geschwindigkeitA)  
    pulsB.start(geschwindigkeitB)  
    motorA(2)  
    motorB(2)
```

```
def stop():  
    #pulsA.start(geschwindigkeitA)  
    #pulsB.start(geschwindigkeitB)  
    motorA(0)  
    motorB(0)
```

```
def right():  
    pulsA.start(geschwindigkeitA_langsam)  
    pulsB.start(geschwindigkeitB_langsam)  
    motorA(2)  
    motorB(1)
```

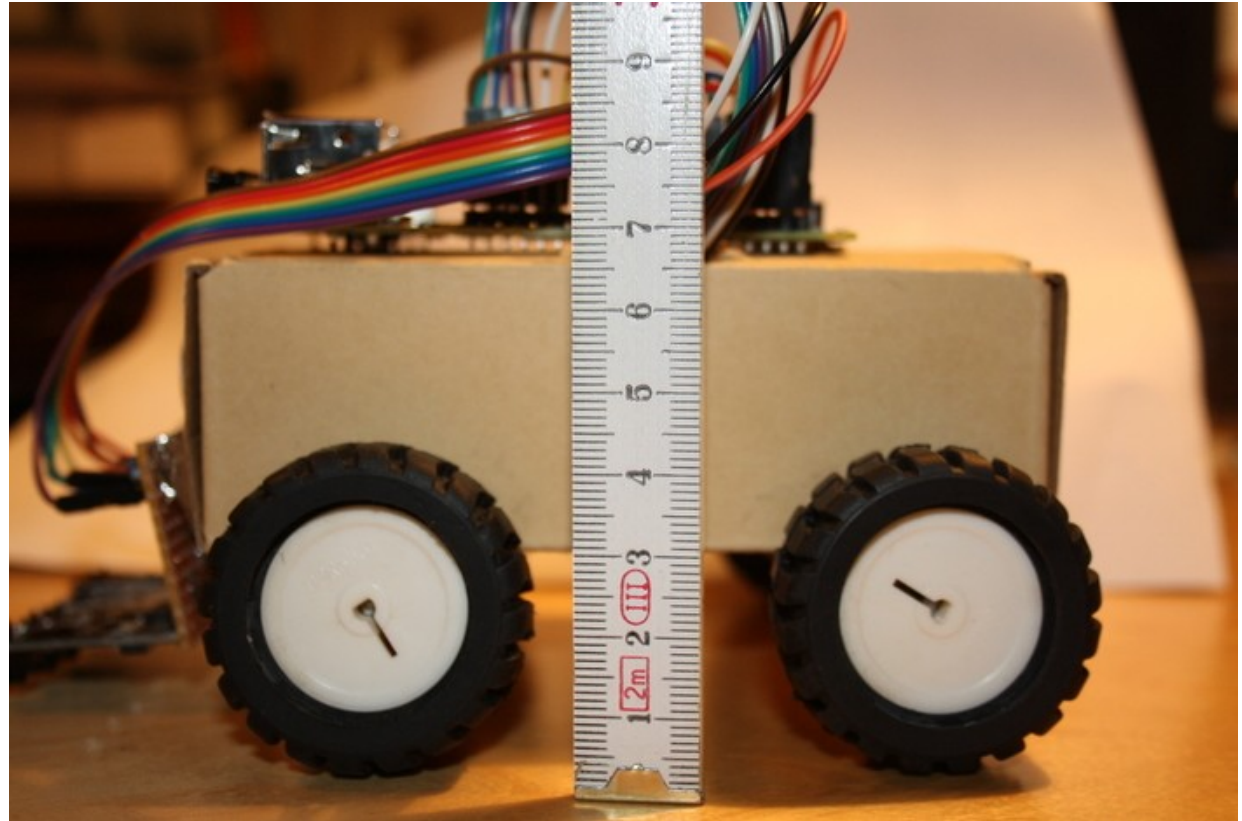
```
def left():  
    pulsA.start(geschwindigkeitA_langsam)  
    pulsB.start(geschwindigkeitB_langsam)  
    motorA(1)  
    motorB(2)
```

# Code: Funktionen testen

```
#main
```

```
forward()  
time.sleep(2)  
stop()  
Back()  
time.sleep(2)  
stop()  
left()  
time.sleep(2)  
stop()  
right()  
time.sleep(2)  
stop()
```

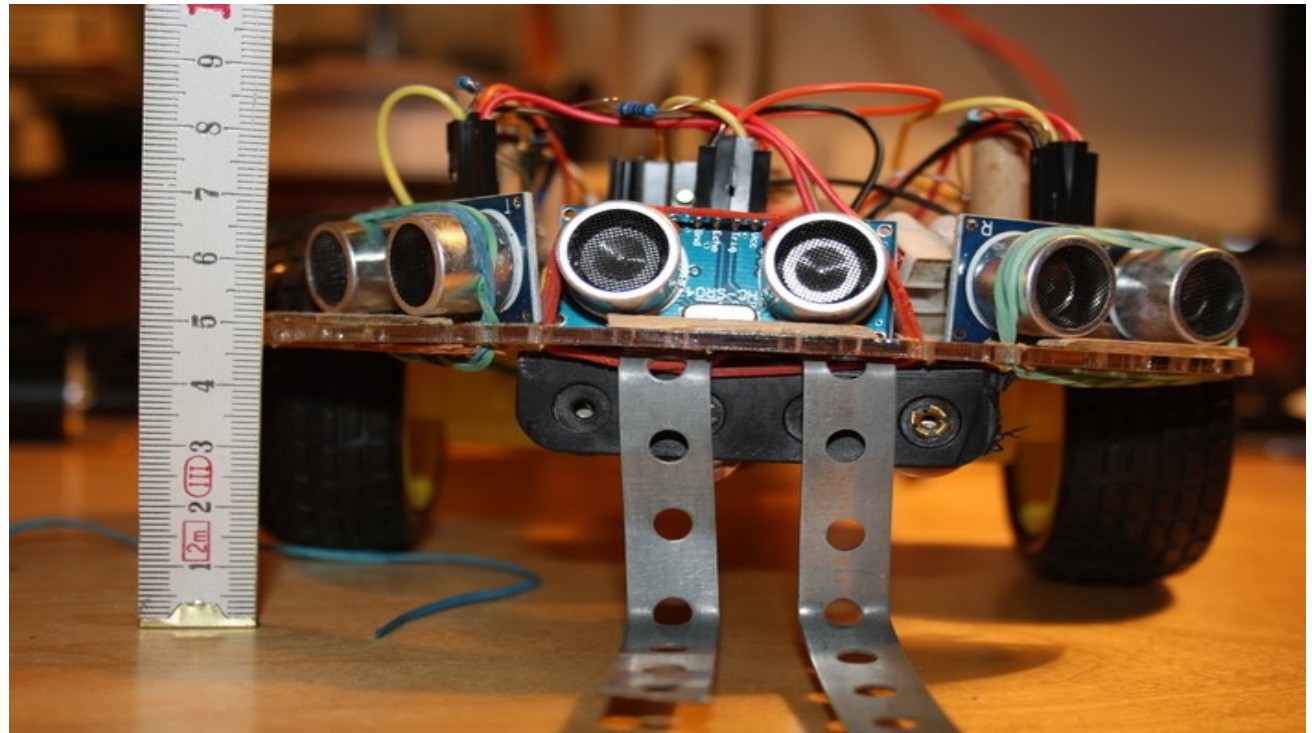
```
GPIO.cleanup()
```



# Cursor-Tasten

```
import curses

stdscr = curses.initscr()
while 1:
    c = stdscr.getch()
    if c == ord('q'):
        stop()
        break
    if c == 65:
        #print "Vorwaerts"
        forward()
    if c == 66:
        #print "Rueckwaerts"
        back()
    if c == 67:
        #print "Rechts"
        right()
    if c == 68:
        #print "Links"
        left()
curses.endwin()
```



# Code: Command Web

```
import sys
```

```
if sys.argv[1] == "forward" :  
    kmmotor.forward()
```

```
if sys.argv[1] == "back" :  
    kmmotor.back()
```

```
if sys.argv[1] == "left" :  
    kmmotor.left()
```

```
if sys.argv[1] == "right" :  
    kmmotor.right()
```

```
if sys.argv[1] == "stop" :  
    kmmotor.stop()
```

```
#GPIO.cleanup()
```

**DREIRAD-ROBO-STEUERUNG**



Camposition: [Tiefer](#) [Normal](#) [Höher](#)

22.9°C	↑	
←	STOP	→
	↓	



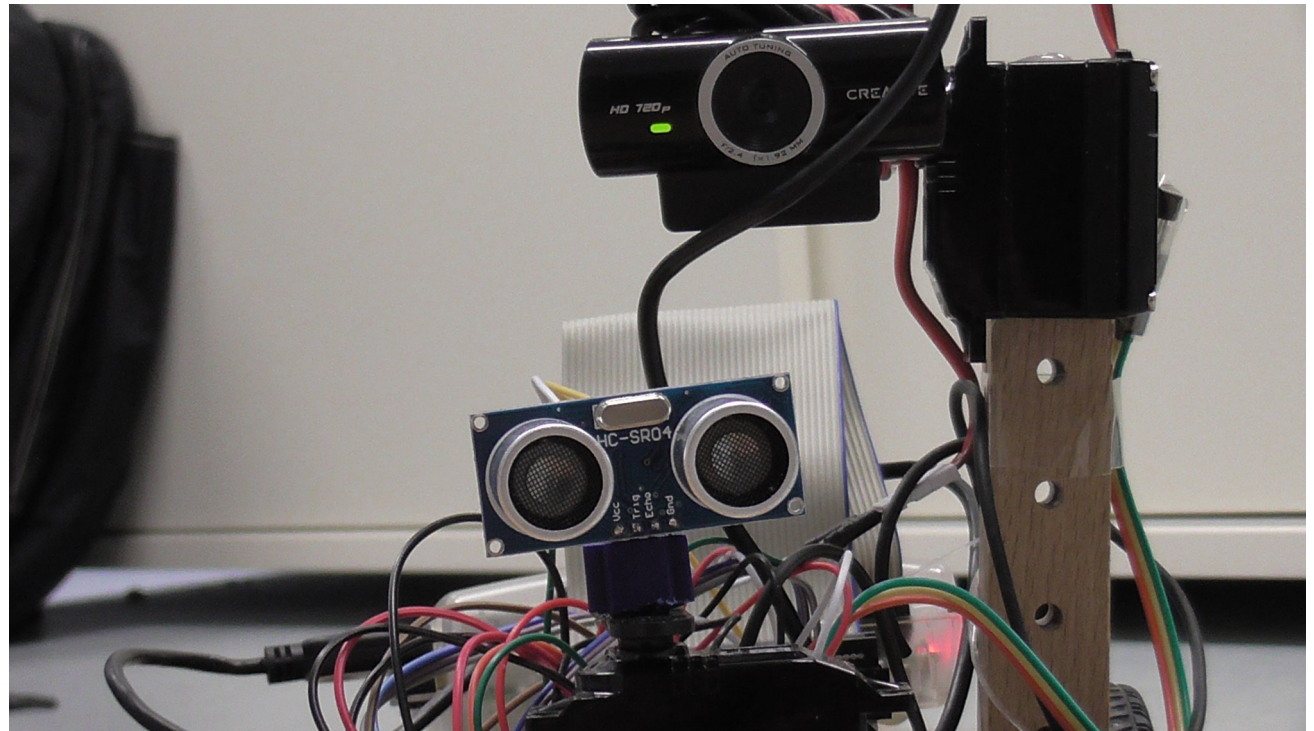
# Code: Ultraschallsensor

```
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
import time
import os

GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BOARD
)
TRIG = 29 #PIN 29
ECHO = 31 #PIN 31

GPIO.setup(TRIG,GPIO.OUT)
GPIO.setup(ECHO,GPIO.IN)
GPIO.output(TRIG,0)

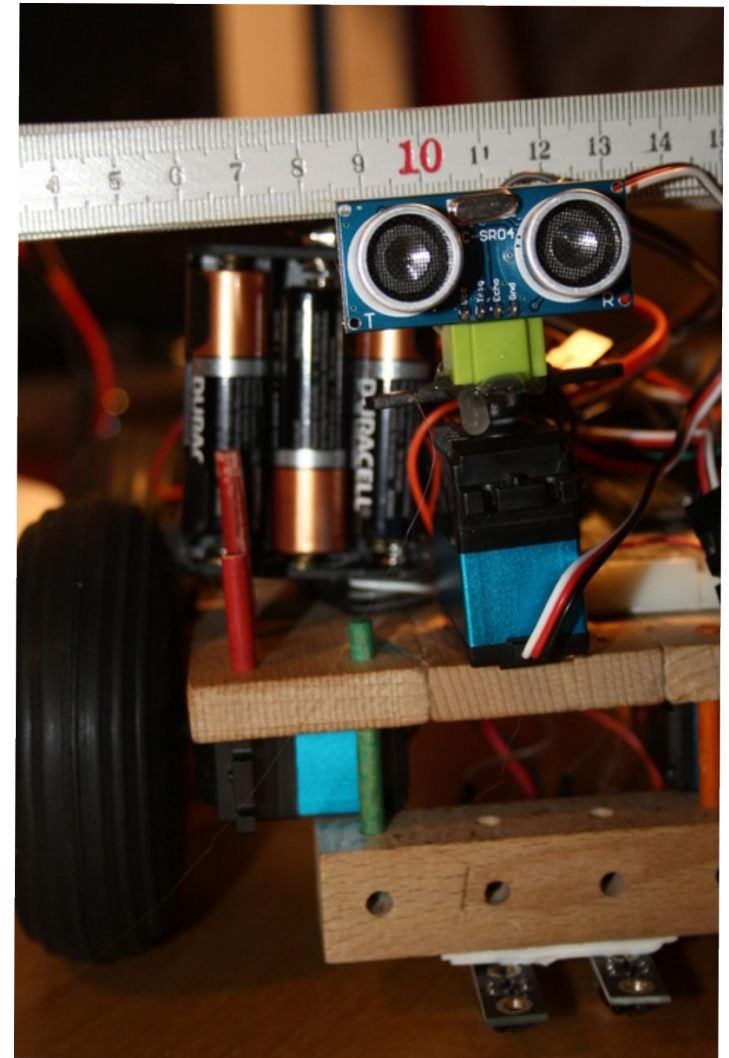
maxabstand=50
ruhezeit=0.2
maxzeit=1
```



# Code: Ultraschallsensor

```
def distance():
    abstand = 0
    zeit = time.time()
    start = time.time()
    #GPIO.output(TRIG,0)
    #time.sleep(0.1)
    GPIO.output(TRIG,1)
    time.sleep(0.000001)
    GPIO.output(TRIG,0)
    #start = time.time()
    while (GPIO.input(ECHO) == 0):
        start = time.time()
    while (GPIO.input(ECHO) == 1):
        stop = time.time()
    abstand=(stop-start)*17000
    time.sleep(ruhezeit)
    print(int(abstand))
    return int(abstand)
```

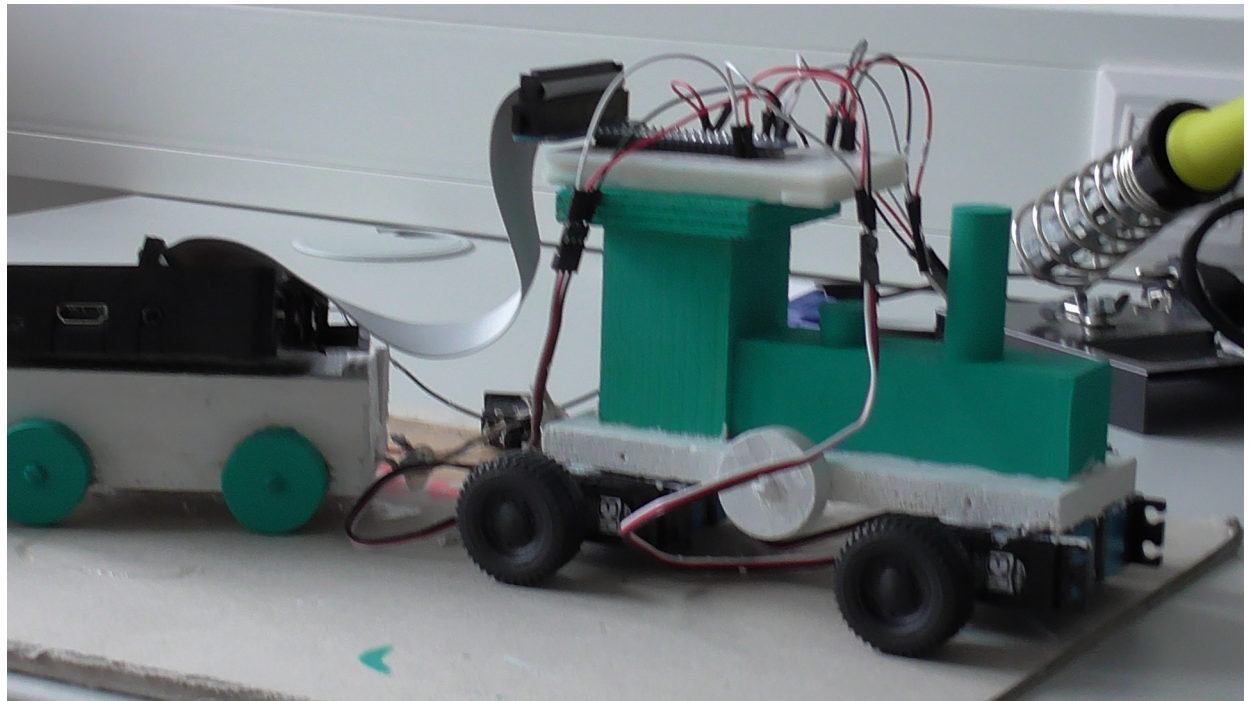
```
#while True:
# test=distance()
# print(test)
#GPIO.cleanup
```





# MJPEG-STREAMER

```
apt-get install subversion  
apt-get install libv4l-dev  
apt-get install libjpeg8-dev  
apt-get install imagemagick
```



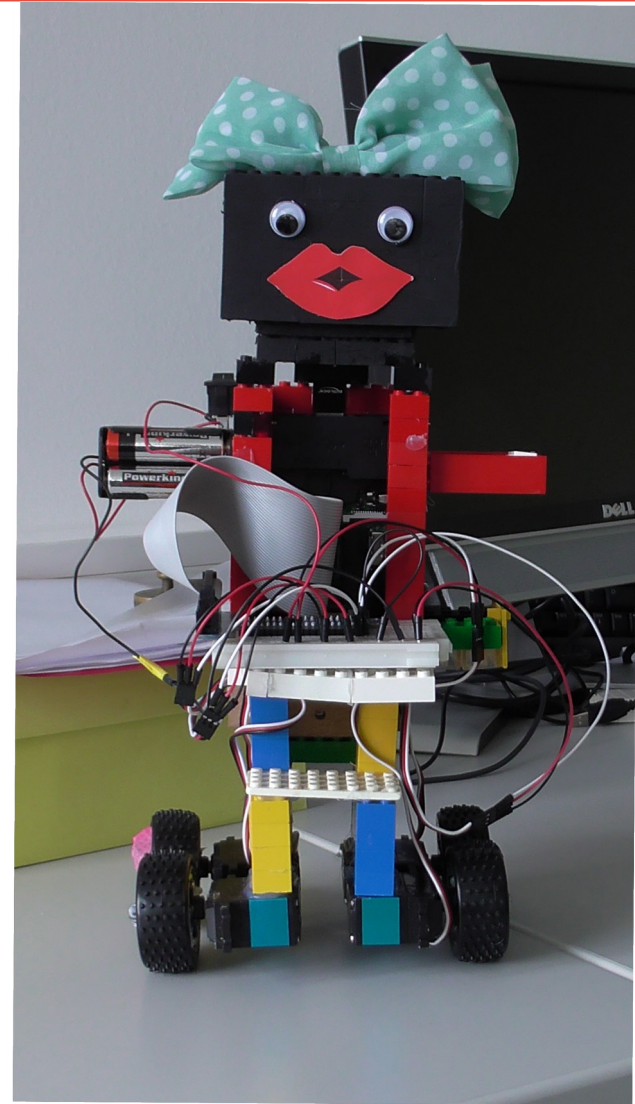
# MJPEG-STREAMER

```
svn co https://svn.code.sf.net/p/mjpg-streamer/code/
```

```
cd mjpg-streamer/mjpg-streamer
```

```
make USE_LIBV4L2=true clean all
```

```
make DESTDIR=/usr install
```



# Bilder Galerie

```
sudo nano /usr/sbin/webcam.sh
```

```
mjpg_streamer -i "/usr/lib/input_uvc.so -d /dev/video0 -r 640x480 -f 1" -o "/usr/lib/output_http.so -p 8090 -w /var/www/mjpg_streamer"
```

Save the file and give it exec permission

```
sudo chmod 755 /usr/sbin/webcam.sh
```

Create a link to global applications folder so you can run it from any folder

```
sudo ln -s /usr/sbin/webcam.sh /etc/init.d/webcam.sh
```

Make sure it gets executed during boot

```
update-rc.d webcam.sh defaults 94 6
```



# Webpage-Example

```
sudo nano /var/www/video.html
```

```
<html>
```

```
  <head><title>MJPEG Streamer</title></head>
```

```
  <body>
```

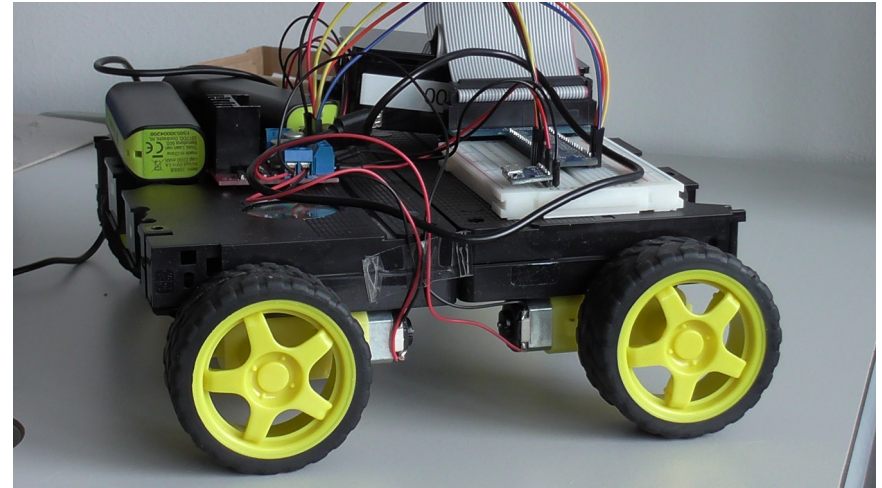
```
    <h1>MJPEG video of ELMTREE Lounge Room</h1>
```

```
    
```

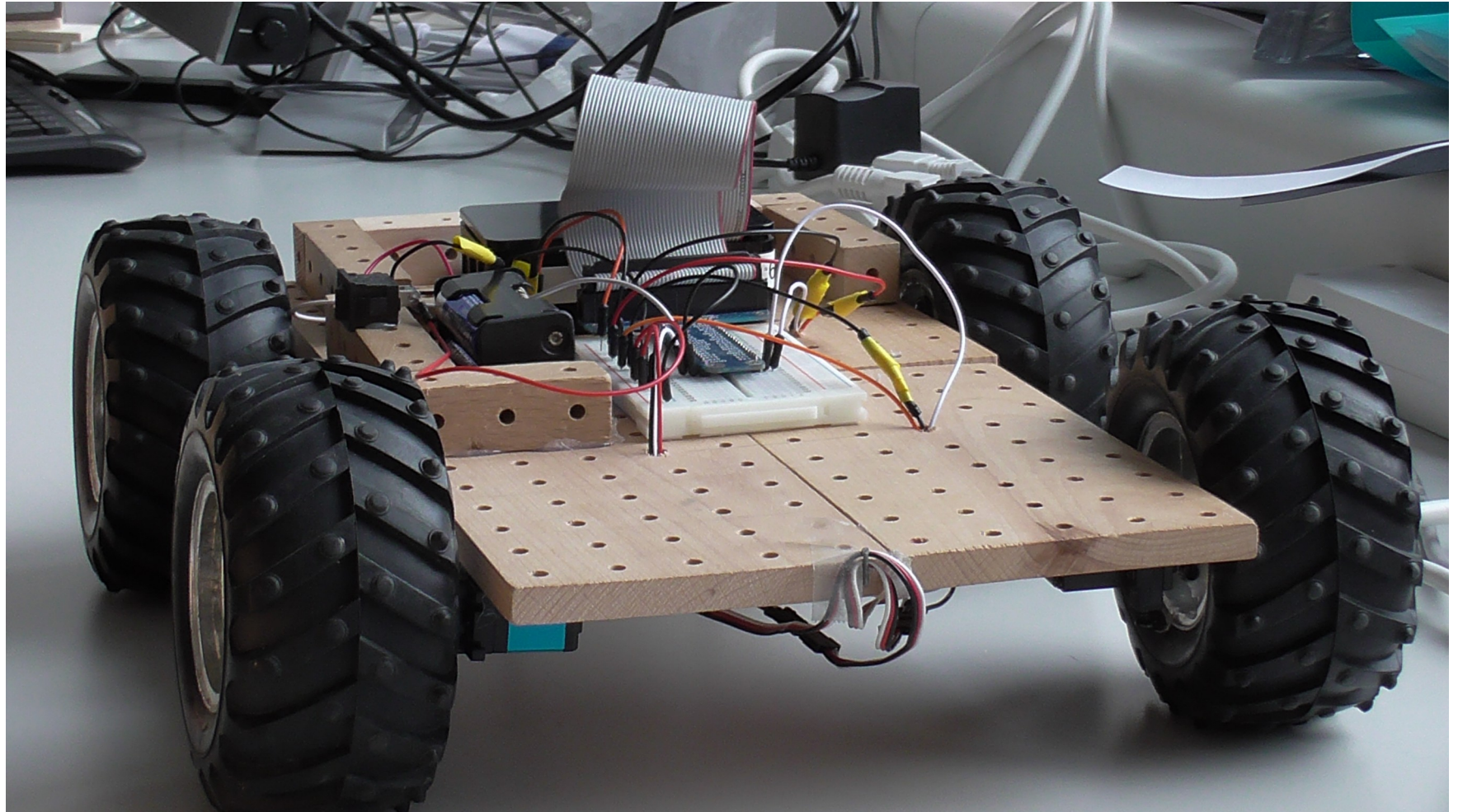
```
    <br><a href="http://10.0.0.38:8090/?action=stream">View</a>
```

```
  </body>
```

```
</html>
```



# Bilder Gallerie



# Bilder Gallerie

